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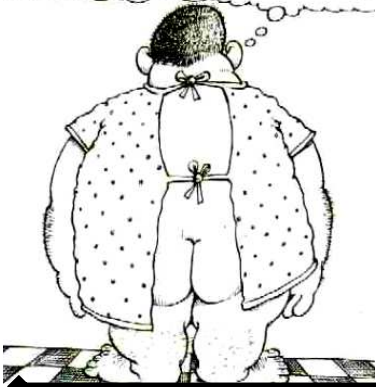
AMERICAN RIGHTS GUARDIAN UPDATE

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Now I know why they call it ICU!



Folks; when you read some of the articles in the last newsletter, you were probably wondering what happened? Well, I usually do the news letter ahead of time, and then when press time rolls around, I make any changes necessary to up date it. Well this time I got sick, and ended up doing 3 weeks in the hospital. No! I didn't have swine flu. I had a blood infection.

By the time I got out of the hospital we were well past press time, so I ran the earlier version. That is why some of the articles have an open-ended finish, especially the "where have all the walleyes gone" article that keeps referring to a November 6th meeting, with no information about what happened at this meeting. This seems strange seeing that you got the newsletter after Christmas. Well so much for the explanation. I think you folks have the right to know what happened.

Let's Take A Look At What Happened At The Nov.6th Meeting

Gleaned in part from an article by Eric Johnson that appeared in the Lakeland Times.

Searching for creative, collaborative solutions to dropping spring fishing opener tourism numbers and a perceived decline in the state of Vilas County's walleye fisheries, members of the Vilas County Tourism and Publicity Committee convened a 71-minute Nov. 6 walleye fisheries discussion with Eagle River guide Todd Powell and a number of high-ranking state officials.

So now let's see what Tourism and Publicity Committee member Jim Behling has to say. "Vilas County's storied walleye fishery is losing tourism dollar to other areas of Wisconsin, Canada and surrounding states." Wrapping up the discussion, Behling expressed frustration that the walleye fisheries conversation lacked a cohesive forward-looking Page 1

component.

"We spent a whole lot of time today focusing on what is, and that's very important, but I haven't heard much focus on what could be - and that's where I think the room for improvement is," Behling said. "What could we do? What could be 2020's 'what is' in Vilas County in terms of the tourists back in the area for that spring fishing opportunity? My take is that every dollar that we can get into this county is a very important dollar for the residents of this county, as we are a tourism-based economy. The Vilas County Board of Supervisors is actively doing things...to move us into other kinds of economic opportunities, but given the natural resources, the lie of the land and the history of Vilas County, tourism is always going to be a very important focus for this county.

What is has been very clear for a long time. But what do we do in terms of...solution development for the **what could be** in 2020 in terms of that spring fishing op-

portunity to bring tourism dollars back into Vilas County..."

Behling outlined his vision.

"What I'd like to see in 2020 is our roads and our bait shops backed up, with bait shops staying open 24 hours for the opener, fishermen at the Friday night fish fries...to the point you can't get into the restaurants, with every bed in the county filled with a fisherman. That would be the kind of vision that I'd like us to have for Vilas County for the future, because I believe that's the kind of active fishery that we've had in the spring in the past...Bottom line for me is what can we do to get the heads back in the beds. It's dollars that we're losing that we once had and could have again in Vilas County ...That's dollars that this county, our residents, don't have, in an area where tourism - heads in beds, bodies in restaurants, and beer glasses full - is very, very, very important to our local

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(Nov 6 Continued from page 1)

economy. I would like the focus to be on (what could be) in 2020 and what's the roadmap for getting there. That's where the creativity is needed.

PARR ED NOTE This is a joke, attempting to cure a sore that has been festering for two decades with a 71 minute meeting. A meeting in which everybody agreed that the Lakeland area spring tourism is gone, and no one had the guts to admit, that it was ridden out of town on the end of a spear. Consider this: Let's say the walleye populations increased to where the pre-spear bag limits could be restored. Will this erase the spear- ing stigma that drove the walleye anglers to Lake Erie in the first place? That's doubtful!!!

President Graunke addressing these phony bag limits, in the last newsletter, uncovered another attempt to hide the facts. This time the DNR is trying to sell horse dung to the taxpaying citizens of Wisconsin in lieu of the details...Greg Wrote: "Yes you could have five fish but there was a (14) Inch size limit and only one fish over (14) inches could be kept."

No genuine Walleye Fisherman would be caught dead with a 14' or smaller walleye in his creel.

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Where are the Deer?

By Bob Manzke

The state Department of Natural Resources says it is listening to deer hunters' complaints about the agency's management of the state's deer herd. If so, it needs to do a better job of convincing hunters because many of them aren't buying the explanation. Hunters' complaints need to be more seriously addressed, especially on management issues and on how the agency estimates the size of the herd. A thorough review of both is in order.

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"If you've lost the hunters, you've lost the program," state Sen. Neal Kedzie (R-Elkhorn) said at a public hearing last month, waving a packet of 8,400 comments from hunters. Kedzie's right. The DNR - and Wisconsin - can't afford to lose the hunters.

PARR President Graunke has the following comments in a letter to DNR Chief Mr. Frank:

*Dear MR Frank,
Congratulations you have done what no others circumstances have been able to do. Our deer camp was established in 1964 and until this season we have never shut down early. As of Wednesday we packed up and left. We scouted two weeks in October and did not see anything but we hoped we were wrong about the deer in our area, unfortunately we were right, and they are almost gone.*

It is evident the bear population is way up and contrary to what anyone says the wolf population has exploded, add that to the fact that you, as head of the DNR, has had every kind of early and late kill them off season imaginable, along with the tribal slaughter and now we have nothing.

We hunted through the lean years of the 70s and that looks like a banner time to what we have now. The license fee is just one part of the cost, I also have to spend vacation time and to sit or walk and see NOTHING is more than I can tolerate. If your goal is to wipe out the deer herd, I will be forced to go else where and hunt ducks or upland game or something, but I refuse to just go for the sake of going with no chance of success. My goal after Monday was to just see a live deer, and I and six others in my party could not find even one...ONE person in our camp saw a deer.

Our eight license fees may not mean much to you but I am sure there is going to be a lot more

people and groups that have finally had it also. If our hunting group needs to follow our tradition of being together at Thanksgiving maybe we will just have to do it at home next year.

The current overwinter goal is 737,000 deer, but there is reason to question the DNR's numbers given the claims of hunters. The DNR cannot manage the herd or set reasonable population goals if its numbers are off. The state is slated to receive an estimated \$14.4 million this year from a wildlife restoration fund. It should use that to improve herd estimates and to get a better handle on such factors as the effect of natural predators and the loss of some previous hunting areas to development and private purchases. The state also needs to look at its regulations on hunting antlerless deer.

Hunters aren't the only ones putting pressure on the DNR. In a unanimous vote, the Assembly Committee on Fish and Wildlife and the Senate Committee on Transportation, Tourism, Forestry and Natural Resources refused last week to approve the DNR's proposal for its deer population goals for this winter, sending the proposal back to the DNR for revision.

From body shops to butchers, auto insurance companies to tanneries, farmers and taxidermists to loggers, businesses across Wisconsin say they are feeling the impact of a smaller deer herd.

Hunters registered 195,647 deer during the 2009 gun hunt, the fewest in 27 years and 29% fewer than 2008.

Keith Warnke big game ecologist for the state Department of Natural Resources said deer population in Wisconsin can change rapidly from year to year. Does this mean, perhaps, the herd will be overwhelming next year

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so don't balk, plan on buying a license again next year? **Sucker!!!**

The following paragraph, will explain why we had things like (earn a buck) and other scams to kill off the breeding stock (does.) Governor Navajo Jim Doyle has a lot of buddies (contributors) in the insurance business, and he appoints the DNR Secretary.

Vehicle crashes down

If you drive in Wisconsin - especially in rural areas - it's not a matter of if but when you will crash your vehicle into a deer, the adage goes. It might take a bit longer these days, though. Consider these numbers from Madison-based American Family Insurance: In November 2007, the company had 2,124 claims for vehicles crashing into animals, almost all of them deer. Those claims had a total gross loss of \$5.6 million. In November 2009, the company had 1,567 claims that cost \$3.5 million. That's a 26% drop in claims. For October, the numbers are more telling. In October 2007, American Family had 1,512 claims for crashes with animals with total gross loss of \$3.9 million.

Once again Doyle's buddies get a big bang for their buck...no pun intended. Oh! And don't forget the save the wolves crusade.

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7 Counties Get Police Grants

Interesting Snippet

Shawano and Oconto counties were among seven Wisconsin counties to share in \$244,500 of grants designed to help with law enforcement challenges for counties adjacent to American Indian lands, state Attorney General J.B. Van Hollen said.

"This grant program has helped sheriffs departments with law enforcement issues resulting from a close proximity to tribal lands and casinos in particular," said Van Hollen.

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Grants have been used for the costs of law enforcement personnel, specialized patrol, investigation, traffic enforcement, and crime prevention and information technology.

The other counties awarded grants were Barron, Burnett, Langlade, Menominee and Oneida. Awards were based on population, crime rate and unemployment rate.

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Global Warming Hoax Exposed

The two M&Ms Steven & Ross were uncovered as frauds, from hacked Emails exposing them, along with some of his fellow scientists.

The two MMs have been after the CRU station data for years. If they ever hear there is a Freedom of Information Act now in the U.K., I think I'll delete the file rather than send to anyone. We also have a data protection act, which I will hide behind."

So apparently wrote Phil Jones, director of the University of East Anglia's Climate Research Unit (CRU) and one of the world's leading climate scientists, in a 2005 email to "Mike." Judging by the email thread, this refers to Michael Mann, director of the Pennsylvania State University's Earth System Science Center. We found this nugget among the more than 3,000 emails and documents released last week after CRU's servers were hacked and messages among some of the world's most influential climatologists were published on the Internet.

The "two MMs" are almost certainly Stephen McIntyre and Ross McKittrick, two Canadians who have devoted years to seeking the raw data and codes used in climate graphs and models, then fact-checking the published conclusions—a painstaking task that strikes us as a public and scientific service. Mr. Jones did not return requests for comment and the university said it could not

confirm that all the emails were authentic, though it acknowledged its servers were hacked.

Yet even a partial review of the emails is highly illuminating. In them, scientists appear to urge each other to present a "unified" view on the theory of man-made climate change while discussing the importance of the "common cause"; to advise each other on how to smooth over data so as not to compromise the favored hypothesis; to discuss ways to keep opposing views out of leading journals; and to give tips on how to "hide the decline" of temperature in certain inconvenient data.

Some of those mentioned in the emails have responded to our requests for comment by saying they must first chat with their lawyers. Others have offered legal threats and personal invective. Still others have said nothing at all. Those who have responded have insisted that the emails reveal nothing more than trivial data discrepancies and procedural debates.

Yet all of these nonresponses manage to underscore what may be the most revealing truth: That these scientists feel the public doesn't have a right to know the basis for their climate-change predictions, even as their governments prepare staggeringly expensive legislation in response to them.

Consider the following note that appears to have been sent by Mr. Jones to Mr. Mann in May 2008: "Mike, Can you delete any emails you may have had with Keith re AR4? Keith will do likewise. . . . Can you also email Gene and get him to do the same?" AR4 is shorthand for the U.N.'s Intergovernmental Panel of Climate Change's (IPCC) Fourth Assessment Report, presented in 2007 as the consensus view on how bad man-made climate change has supposedly become.

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(Hoax Continued From Page 4)

Read a Selection of the Emails Climate Science and Candor In another email that seems to have been sent in September 2007 to Eugene Wahl of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's Pale climatology Program and to Caspar Ammann of the National Center for Atmospheric Research's Climate and Global Dynamics Division, Mr. Jones writes: "Try and change the Received date! Don't give those skeptics something to amuse themselves with."

When deleting, doctoring or withholding information didn't work, Mr. Jones suggested an alternative in an August 2008 email to Gavin Schmidt of NASA's Goddard Institute for Space Studies, copied to Mr. Mann. "The FOI [Freedom of Information] line we're all using is this," he wrote. "IPCC is exempt from any countries FOI—the skeptics have been told this. Even though we . . . possibly hold relevant info the IPCC is not part of our remit (mission statement, aims etc) therefore we don't have an obligation to pass it on."

It also seems Mr. Mann and his friends weren't averse to blacklisting scientists who disputed some of their contentions, or journals that published their work. "I think we have to stop considering 'Climate Research' as a legitimate peer-reviewed journal," goes one email, apparently written by Mr. Mann to several recipients in March 2003. "Perhaps we should encourage our colleagues in the climate research community to no longer submit to, or cite papers in, this journal."

Mr. Mann's main beef was that the journal had published several articles challenging aspects of the anthropogenic theory of global warming.

For the record, when we've asked Mr. Mann in the past about the charge that he and his Page 4

colleagues suppress opposing views, he has said he "won't dignify that question with a response." Regarding our most recent queries about the hacked emails, he says he "did not manipulate any data in any conceivable way," but he otherwise refuses to answer specific questions. For the record, too, our purpose isn't to gainsay the probity of Mr. Mann's work, much less his right to remain silent.

However, we do now have hundreds of emails that give every appearance of testifying to concerted and coordinated efforts by leading climatologists to fit the data to their conclusions while attempting to silence and discredit their critics. In the department of inconvenient truths, this one surely deserves a closer look by the media, the U.S. Congress and other investigative bodies.

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Can Millions of Dollars Owed Tribal Creditors be Reclaimed Under US Laws?

Federally recognized tribes operate as sovereign nations, have turned to gaming for revenue. They are financing casino projects with debt including more than \$5bn in high-yield bonds, according to Barclays Capital.

The Mashantucket Pequot Tribal Nation, which owns Foxwoods, warned this week that it probably would not make a full interest payment on \$500m of notes, which would result in a default on December 16, when a grace period ends.

Smaller tribal casinos have defaulted, but the size of the Foxwoods debt has drawn attention. Analysts are asking whether the tribe will use its special status to take an aggressive stance in dealing with creditors, a development that could affect tribes' access to credit.

"The Mashantucket situation could set a precedent," Moody's

Investors Service said. "With casinos such as Foxwoods located on sovereign tribal land potentially out of reach of US bankruptcy law, it remains unclear whether creditors could enforce their rights."

Steven Smith, an attorney at the Dechert law firm, said: "An argument can be made that the tribe is a governmental unit, which could, if determined to be true, bar it from seeking relief under Chapter 11 altogether."

Earlier, the tribe said it was "looking at all options".

PARR ED NOTE: This will probably open the door for an unprecedented avalanche of Tribal defaults on their debts.

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Ldf Band Allegedly Loses Millions After Plans For Casino Boat Sink

By Doug Etten & Appeared in Lakeland Times

Grand Soleil LLC, a corporation in which the Lac du Flambeau band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians is part shareholder and has invested millions of dollars, has confirmed through its attorney, Kent Hudson, that the corporation has sold its river boat, Players Riverboat III, in Natchez, Miss.

According to Charles Cato, the original purchaser of Players Riverboat III, he learned of the boat's sale from Hudson late last week and says the boat, which was purchased in August 2005 and transferred into Grand Soleil LLC just days after as equity, was sold for a mere \$250,000 at best.

Cato could not confirm the solid price of the sale, but did indicate it was between \$200,000-\$250,000.

If that's true, the tribe might have lost nearly \$8 million on the boat alone, given reported expenses on the boat project.

Cato's release of the sale price, which he said Hudson told

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him, came after the Natchez-based attorney said he would not release any details of the sale, the amount for which the boat was sold or who purchased the boat.

LdF tribal president Carl Edwards indicated he would not be the one to release information regarding the sale, either, and directed The Times to Hudson, who said he was not at liberty to release the sale price because of confidentiality reasons.

"This is certainly not something for public knowledge," Hudson said in a phone interview

Edwards said that though the tribe is a 28.5 percent shareholder in the company, they, the tribal council, did not give its opinion in reference to the sale of the riverboat.

"We did not give the authority to sell the boat," Edwards said. "It did come to us as a board of managers, but the council never gave a yay or nay. We really didn't know that it was on the market. There had been talk about a land-based casino, but no decision had been made."

While Hudson was adamant in not releasing details of the sale, he did say the casino project would move forward with construction even with the boat gone.

"Plans will proceed and it will be a land-based casino," he said.

House Bill No. 45, a bill which passed through the Mississippi Legislature and became law less than 90 days after Cato purchased the boat, amended a law that would not allow construction of casinos on land in Mississippi.

That is why Grand Soleil bought the boat, though the corporation has waited for more than four years to sell the boat and decide to go the route taken by nearly every other casino boat operation ruined in Hurricane Katrina and move onto land.

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Though plans remained to renovate the skeleton of a riverboat purchased for \$2.75 million, the October 2005 law enables casinos to build on land, no more than 800 feet from the median high water mark of the Mississippi River.

Even with the legislation enacted, which Cato said he and others in the LLC were unaware of, just months after the Player's Riverboat III was purchased, plans moved forward to have the casino on water and operational within the year.

That never happened but cash continued flowing into the project, according to statements for Grand Soleil LLC, which show much more than just the purchase price of \$2.75 million going into the project as a whole.

According to documents secured by The Times, \$2.75 million was spent on the purchase of the ship while another \$5 million was to be spent on renovations. Another \$250,000 was allotted by the LLC for transportation and \$20 million for the purchase of gaming equipment.

Officials have not confirmed whether gaming machines or casino equipment were ever purchased.

The casino boat was part of a project on the shores of the Mississippi River that was to expand gaming operations and bring LdF much-needed revenues.

In addition to the casino boat, the LLC also owned The Briar's Inn, Emerald Star Hotel and an \$8.3 million piece of property meant to be the staging area for the casino boat itself.

According to a project status sheet, at the beginning of April 2008, \$4.6 million was allotted by the LLC to finish the Emerald Star Hotel. Another \$17.8 to finish the casino site and \$3.25 million which is listed under "cost to complete, casino riverboat transportation."

The statement of cash flow lists a line of credit extending from the Lac du Flambeau tribe for \$23 million with an additional \$2.7 million set aside in a reserve account for use within the LLC. All other cash pulled into the project was gained from loans based upon equity in the partners, of which \$5.7 came from Big River Enterprises, \$3.5 from Emerald Star Casinos and \$5 million from the tribe.

All included, the Grand Soleil LLC paid a total of \$1.9 million in interest on loans along with an additional \$253,000 in loan origination fees. As of April 2008, it was to take another \$29.4 million to finish the entire project, which in 2005 was promised to bring revenue within the year.

Edwards could not speak to the amounts to which the tribe has invested in the project to date, but he did say that if it is to move forward, it will be without the continued financial backing in Lac du Flambeau.

"The council has decided and adopted a resolution that no more money can be sent," he said. "If they are going to move forward, the other partners are going to have to foot the bill."

According to a Lakeland Times interview last year with then-tribal president Victoria Doud and vice president Dee Mayo, the development was to produce annual profits of between \$16 and \$19 million within "several" years of its opening.

Though the casino never opened, the tribe continued investing money into the project, saying it was for the purchasing of gaming equipment and making improvements on the boat.

According to Cato, nothing had been done with the interior of the boat prior to the sale and it housed no gaming equipment.

Plans were, according to the tribe, that the casino and its

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45,000 square feet of gaming space was to house 850 slot machines, both roulette and craps tables as well as dining and entertainment facilities.

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Judge Refuses To Name Receiver For Casino

This article in part by
Cary Spivak of the Journal Sentinel

Plans to name a new president of The Lac de Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians were derailed Saturday, Jan. 16, by tribal wrangling over procedures.

The Tribal Council met to appoint a new leader to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Carl Edwards last Nov. 23, but failed to come to a consensus due to disagreement over whether some people had enough notice to submit their names for consideration.

As many as nine candidates, including former chairman and long-time tribal activist Tom Maulson, put their names in the hat for the top post, sometimes referred to as the presidency.

Edwards had quit abruptly and issued a terse statement citing "differences" with fellow council members. He had been in office for a year after an October 2008 election marred by tribal dissension and political infighting.

"They weren't prepared," Maulson said after the morning meeting held at the Lac du Flambeau public school. "We have a constitution and there were specific provisions to be followed and they apparently weren't followed. Notification of the meeting was one of them."

Another meeting has been set for Jan. 25 at 6:30 p.m. at the Tribal Center to take up the matter again. A new president would serve until October when a new election will be held to fill four of

the 12 council seats.

Meanwhile, at Saturday's meeting, another big topic was a controversial \$46,615,000 bond issue the Tribe defaulted on by skipping a nearly \$800,000 payment due this month.

In a ruling that could have a far-reaching impact in Indian country, a federal judge has refused to appoint a receiver for the Lac du Flambeau's northern Wisconsin casino even though the tribe defaulted on a \$50 million bond.

The action last week by U.S. District Court Judge Rudolph T. Randa throws into question whether the financially struggling tribe, which has lost millions on out-of-state casino projects, will pay the \$46.6 million it still owes on bonds that were sold in 2008.

"The entire agreement is a void issue," said tribal administrator William Beson of the 2008 bond offering, which included giving Saybrook Capital - the California Company that bought the bonds - the ability to force the tribe's casino into receivership if the tribe defaulted on the bonds.

Randa's decision means the tribe is not on the hook for the money, said Monica Riederer, the tribe's attorney. Riederer, however, said that does not mean the tribe will walk away from the debt.

"They will do whatever they're legally required to do," Riederer said. "They do feel a sense of financial responsibility."

The tribe argued that the bond agreement was improper because it allowed for the appointment of a receiver to oversee its casino - which the tribe contended was akin to having an outside manager without required federal approval.

A spokeswoman for Wells Fargo, which filed the lawsuit last month, declined to discuss de-

tails, saying in a statement that "the bondholder is still considering its options."

Meanwhile, nervous investors and tribes will keep a close watch because of the chilling impact the case could have on attempts by other tribes to tap the bond market. Having no ability to enforce collection of a bond debt is "a nightmare for investors," said Megan Neuburger, an analyst who follows the Indian gaming industry for Fitch Ratings. "It's sort of an investor's worst-case fear."

Mark Jarboe, a Minneapolis attorney who has practiced Indian law for 25 years, agreed.

"People could start getting real cautious out there," Jarboe said. "It could give people heartburn."

Jarboe and Neuburger, however, said the impact could be lessened since it is very unusual to include a receivership clause in a bond issue involving an Indian casino. The Lac du Flambeau case revolves around a controversial \$50 million bond offering that carried a 12% interest rate and required a monthly payment of nearly \$800,000.

When the tribe stopped setting aside money for the payment, Wells Fargo sued and sought a receiver to oversee the casino.

In its lawsuit, Wells Fargo claimed the tribe's Lake of the Torches Economic Development Corp. was in default because it had failed to document its finances, had failed to deposit daily casino revenue into a specified fund and had diverted borrowed funds in a potentially fraudulent way.

The tribe countered that the bond agreement gave the bond holders so much authority that it, in effect, made the document a management agreement that would require approval by the National Indian Gaming

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Commission. The tribe's position was supported in an affidavit from Kevin Washburn, former general counsel for the commission.

At the time of the bond offering, the tribe was represented by attorney Brian Pierson, of Godfrey & Kahn. Pierson said Friday that the firm, which reviewed the bond deal, had no comment on the case.

The tribe's Vilas County casino and related enterprises had a profit of nearly \$11.9 million on revenue of \$53.4 million for the 12 months ended Oct. 31, Wells Fargo said in court filings. Despite that profit, the tribe said it could not afford the bond payments. Historically, the casino operations provided \$17 million to \$18 million annually to the tribe's general fund, a payment that was cut to \$4 million during the last fiscal year, Janice Philemon, the tribe's accounting supervisor, wrote in a court filing.

"The tribe has been forced to sustain highly distressing cuts in governmental and social programs of the tribe," she wrote, noting that the bulk of the general fund came from the casino operations. Wages to tribal employees were cut 15% in 2008 and another 19.5% last year, among other cuts, she said.

PARR ED NOTE: Remember these statements.

Randa's decision means the tribe is not on the hook for the money, said Monica Riederer, the tribe's attorney. Riederer, however, said that does not mean the tribe will walk away from the debt.

"They will do whatever they're legally required to do," Riederer said. "They do feel a sense of financial responsibility."

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Apology!

Buried in the billions of dollars of spending on new weapons and other items in the 2010 defense appropriations bill is a little-noticed expression of regret over how the U.S. had in the past used its power. The bill contains an "apology to Native Peoples of the United States."

The multi-year effort to pass the language was bipartisan: Sens. Sam Brownback (R., Kan.) and Byron Dorgan (D., N.D.) led the campaign, which began in 2004. President Barack Obama signed the language, apparently the first official apology to Native Americans, into law on Monday.

Congress has previously approved apologies to Japanese-Americans interned during World War II, and to native Hawaiians for the overthrow of the Hawaiian Kingdom. The House and Senate recently have passed different resolutions apologizing for slavery in the U.S.

The just-approved language says, in part, that "the United States, acting through Congress...recognizes that there have been years of official depredations, ill-conceived policies, and the breaking of covenants by the Federal Government regarding Indian tribes."

The U.S. "apologizes on behalf of the people of the United States to all Native Peoples for the many instances of violence, maltreatment, and neglect inflicted on Native Peoples by citizens of the United States," the statement says, adding that it is committed "to move toward a brighter future where all the people of this land live reconciled as brothers and sisters, and harmoniously steward and protect this land together."

The statement adds, however, that it isn't intended to support any lawsuit claims against the government (and there are still plenty).

Obama Gonna Get Your Gun

On Wednesday the Obama administration took its first major step in a plan to ban all firearms in the United States. The Obama administration intends to force gun control and a complete ban on all weapons for US citizens through the signing of international treaties with foreign nations.

By signing international treaties on gun control, the Obama administration can use the US State Department to bypass the normal legislative process in Congress. Once the US Government signs these international treaties, all US citizens will be subject to those gun laws created by foreign governments.

These are laws that have been developed and promoted by organizations such as the United Nations and individuals such as George Soros and Michael Bloomberg. The laws are designed and intended to lead to the complete ban and confiscation of all firearms.

The Obama administration is attempting to use tactics and methods of gun control that will inflict major damage to our 2nd Amendment before US citizens even understand what has happened. Obama can appear before the public and tell them that he does not intend to pursue any legislation (in the United States) that will lead to new gun control laws, while cloaked in secrecy, his Secretary of State, Hillary Clinton is committing the US to international treaties and foreign gun control laws. Does that mean Obama is telling the truth?

What it means is that there will be no publicized gun control debates in the media or votes in Congress. We will wake up one morning and find that the United States has signed a treaty that prohibits firearm and ammunition manufacturers from selling

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to the public. We will wake up another morning and find that the US has signed a treaty that prohibits any transfer of firearm ownership. And then, we will wake up yet another morning and find that the US has signed a treaty that requires US citizens to deliver any firearm they own to the local government collection and destruction center or face imprisonment.

This is not a joke nor a false warning. As sure as government health care will be forced on us by the Obama administration through whatever means necessary, so will gun control.

Read the Article

U.S. reverses stance on treaty to regulate arms trade

WASHINGTON (Reuters) – The United States reversed its policy and said it would back launching talks on a treaty to regulate arms sales as long as the talks operated by consensus, a stance critics said gave every nation a veto. The decision, announced in a statement released by the U.S. State Department, overturns the position of former President George W. Bush’s administration, which had opposed such a treaty on the grounds that national controls were better.

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Look What's on the 2010 Tax Return

As if we didn't have enough to get upset about! If you have a gun, I hope it isn't registered!

It begins ... more Freedom gone ... the right to protect yourself and your family gone! Now **ALL GUNS** must be listed on your next (2010) tax return!

Senate Bill SB-2099 will require us to put on our 2009 1040 federal tax form all guns that you have or own. It will require fingerprints and a tax of \$50 per gun. This bill was introduced on February 24, 2009, by the
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Obama staff. BUT, this bill will only become public knowledge 30 days after the new law becomes effective! This is an amendment to the Internal Revenue Act of 1986. This means that the Finance Committee has passed this without the Senate voting on it at all. Trust Obama? You must be kidding!

The full text of the IRS amendment is on the U.S. Senate homepage: [www.senate...gov](http://www.senate.gov). You can find the bill by doing a search by the bill number, SB-2099. You know who to call; I strongly suggest you do. Please send a copy of this e-mail to every gun owner you know.

Text of H.R.45 as Introduced in House: Blair Holt's Firearm Licensing and Record of Sale Act of 2009:

www.opencongress.org/bill/111-h45/text

Obama's Congress is now starting on the firearms confiscation bill. If it passes, gun owners will become criminals if you don't fully comply. It has begun ... Whatever Obama's "Secret Master Plan" is ... this is just the 'tip of the iceberg!'

Very important for you to be aware of a new bill HR 45 introduced into the House. This is the Blair Holt Firearm Licensing & Record of Sale Act of 2009.

Even gun shop owners didn't know about this because the government is trying to fly it under the radar as a 'minor' IRS revision, and, as usual, the 'political' lawmakers did not read this bill before signing and approving it!

To find out about this - go to any government website and type in HR 45 or Goggle HR 45 Blair Holt Firearm Licensing & Record of Sales Act of 2009. You will get all the information. Basically this would make it illegal to own a firearm - any rifle with a clip or ANY pistol unless:

- 1) It is registered
- 2) You are fingerprinted

3) You supply a current Driver's License

4) You supply your Social Security number

5) You will submit to a physical & mental evaluation at any time of their choosing

Each update change or ownership through private or public sale must be reported and costs \$25. Failure to do so you automatically lose the right to own a firearm and are subject up to a year in jail.

There is a child provision clause on page 16 section 305 stating a child-access provision. Gun must be locked and inaccessible to any child under 18. They would have the right to come and inspect that you are storing your gun safely away from accessibility to children and fine is punishable for up to 5 years in prison.

If you think this is a joke - go to the website and take your pick of many options to read this. It is long and lengthy. But, more and more people are becoming aware of this. Pass the word along. Any hunters in your family pass this along.

This is just a "termite" approach to complete confiscation of guns and disarming of our society to the point we have no defense - chip away a little here and there until the goal is accomplished before anyone realizes it.

This is one to act on whether you own a gun or not. Search Results - THOMAS (Library of Congress) <http://thomas.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/z?c111:H.R.45>

H.R.45: Blair Holt's Firearm Licensing and Record of Sale Act of 2009 U.S. Congress - Open-Congress <http://www.opencongress.org/bill/111-h45/show>. H.R.45: Blair Holt's Firearm Licensing and Record of Sale Act of 2009 (GovTrack.us) "<http://www.govtrack.us/congress/bill.xpd?bill=h111-45>."

§§§§§§

**I'll keep my guns,
freedom, & money...
YOU CAN KEEP THE "CHANGE!"**

President Barack Obama staked his claim as the Great Lakes president during the heat of the 2008 campaign when he pledged to

PARR MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION (PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY)		
NAME(S)		
ADDRESS		
CITY	STATE	ZIP
PHONE()	DATE	
SINGLE MEMBERSHIP \$15()	FAMILY \$20()	
NEW MEMBER()	RENEWAL()	DONATIONS\$
FILL OUT AND MAIL ALONG WITH YOUR CHECK TO: P.A.R.R.; P.O. BOX 270007; MILWAUKEE, WI. 53227-0007		



The Great Lakes will be full of these pigs! But no game fish. Too bad these piqs (carp) aren't eatable.

pump billions of dollars into a restoration plan for the lakes while at the same time champion a "zero tolerance" policy for new invasive species. That "zero" is starting to look like a political bull's-eye for conservationists and regional politicians critical of the Obama administration's decision to oppose efforts by a coalition of five Great Lakes states to force Illinois and the Army Corps of Engineers to do more to protect Lake Michigan from what many fear is an imminent invasion of the jumbo carp that could ravage the Great Lakes' \$7 billion fishery.

"It is inexcusable that the administration has decided to side with their political allies in the state of Illinois to protect the narrow interests of their state, while the rest of the Great Lakes region and federal taxpayers will be forced to deal with the carp

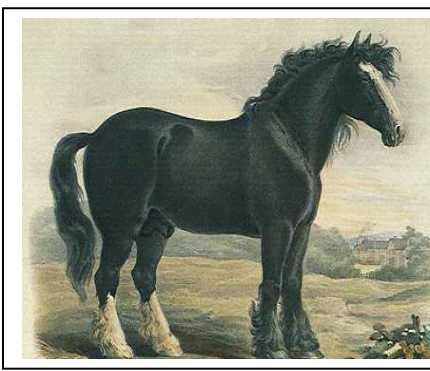
entering the lakes," said Rep. Candice S. Miller (R-Mich.) Michigan is leading the charge to reopen a decades-old Supreme Court case over Chicago's diversion of 2.1 billion gallons of water a day from Lake Michigan down the Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal.

Michigan, along with Wisconsin, Ohio, New York and Minnesota, hopes to sway the Supreme Court to reopen that case and issue an emergency injunction forcing the Army Corps to close some of the locks to keep the north-migrating fish from colonizing the Great Lakes via Chicago's manmade canal system.

The lawsuit names the State of Illinois, the Army Corps and the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago as defendants, and it also seeks to force a permanent re-plumbing of the Chicago-area waterway system to once again separate Lake Michigan from the adjacent Mississippi River basin.

That natural separation was destroyed with the 1900 opening of the sewage-carrying Sanitary and Ship Canal.

U.S. Geological Survey biologist Duane Chapman said it likely won't be known for years if the fish can thrive in the big cold lakes and their river tributaries. "It took 20 to 25 years for bighead and silver carp to begin the geometric population expansion phase in the Mississippi River basin," Chapman said. "I would expect that in the Great Lakes it would take as long or longer because the water is colder and the fish will take longer to mature." but it would be folly to assume they won't.



WELL FOLKS MARCH IS MEMBER-SHIP RENEWAL MONTH. SO DON'T HORSE AROUND WHEN YOU RECEIVE YOUR RENEWAL NOTICE NEXT MONTH. GRAB YOUR CHECKBOOK AND RENEW YOUR MEMBERSHIP, WITH A WHOLESOME DONATION IF POSSIBLE.

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